Christian Liturgy

Roman Liturgy

Two Principal Services

Office
Canonical Hours

Mass
(Missa)

Offices

- Set up around 520 A.D.
  - Rule of St. Benedict
- Celebrated EVERY Day
  - clergy, members of religious orders
  - Cathedrals, monasteries etc.
- All 150 Psalms each week

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Office</th>
<th>Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Matins*</td>
<td>b. sunrise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lauds*</td>
<td>sunrise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prime</td>
<td>6 am</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terce</td>
<td>9 am</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sext</td>
<td>Noon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nones</td>
<td>3 pm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vespers*</td>
<td>sunset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compline</td>
<td>after</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Office Music (NAWM 4)

EVERYTHING IS SONG

Psalms
Antiphons
Readings
Responses
Prayers
Canticles
Hymns

Antiphoner

Roman Catholic Mass (NAWM 3)

• Principal Service of the Catholic Church
• Three Parts
  – Introductory
  – Liturgy of the Word
  – Liturgy of the Eucharist
• Variable and Fixed Texts
  – Proper
  – Ordinary
• Not codified until 1570
  – same until 1963

Liturical Books

• Antiphoner or Antiphonale
  – Music and texts for Offices
• Graduale
  – Music and texts for the Mass
• Liber usualis
  – Most frequently used chants
• Missal or Missale
  – Texts of Mass Only
• Breviary or Breviarium
  – Texts Offices Only